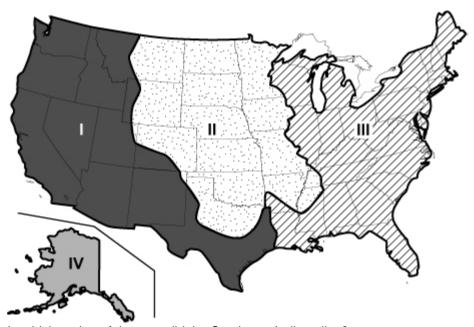
Test Name: 2019-20 RCK12 Social Studies Grade 3 Pre-Assessment- Unit 2

Test ID: 495287 Date: 02/27/2019

Section 1

1. Look at the map. Then answer the questions that follow.



In which region of the map did the Southeast Indians live?

- **A.** I
- B. II
- C. III
- D. IV
- 2. Which Native American tribe lived in the Arctic region of North America?
- A. the Inuit
- B. the Cheyenne
- C. the Navajo
- **D.** the Algonquian

3. Native American tribes often relied on which of the following animals for the materials they needed to build tepees?
A. buffalo
B. rabbits
C. salmon
D. ducks
4. Europeans learned many things from American Indians, such as how to grow some kinds of food. Which kind of food did American Indians teach Europeans how to grow?
A. broccoli
B. corn
C. rice
D. wheat

5. Which form of transportation is an example of American Indian contributions to American culture?







D.



- 6. Why did Plains Indians make lightweight and easily moveable shelters like tepees?
- **A.** to allow them to move around and trade with Europeans
- **B.** to allow them to pack up and move to escape from tornadoes
- C. to allow them to travel between farms as the seasons changed
- D. to allow them to follow animal herds they relied on for resources
- 7. Which of the following BEST describes how the Pawnee lived?
- A. The Pawnee mostly farmed and lived near the rivers in the Great Plains.
- **B.** The Pawnee mostly fished along the waterways of the Pacific Northwest.
- **C.** The Pawnee were warriors who lived in the swamps of the American South.
- **D.** The Pawnee were nomads who traveled throughout the American Southwest.
- 8. The Nez Percé diet depended heavily on fish. How did the Nez Percé traditionally obtain their fish?
- **A.** They bought and traded fish with other Native American groups in the region.
- **B.** Using movable shelters, they could follow the fish along the many different rivers.
- **C.** Building sod houses allowed them to travel in search of rivers and streams to find fish.
- **D.** They relied on their kayaks, which they used to navigate up and down the large rivers.

- **9.** Which pair does NOT correctly match a group of American Indians with one of the main ways they got their food?
- A. Great Plains Indians: farming and fishing
- B. Southwest Indians: farming
- C. Northwest Indians: fishing
- D. Northeast Indians: farming and hunting
- 10. How were the shelters of Arctic Indians different from those of the Southwest?
- A. Many Arctic Indians lived in igloos, while many Southwest Indians lived in pueblos.
- **B.** Many Arctic Indians lived in tent huts, while many Southwest Indians lived in longhouses.
- **C.** Many Arctic Indian shelters were built with mud and other materials from the earth, while many Southwest Indian shelters were made of stone.
- **D.** Many Arctic Indians made their homes in wigwams, while many Southwest Indians made their homes in plank houses with bark roofs.

11. Look at the pictures of important resources. Then answer the question that follows.

Bison





What do these resources have in common?

- **A.** They were all foods eaten by early American Indians.
- B. They were all weapons used by early American Indians.
- **C.** They were all used by early American Indians to build shelters.
- D. They were all used by early American Indians to make clothing.
- **12.** Match each American Indian tribe to the region that they lived in.

- **13.** In which area of the United States would American Indians have MOST LIKELY built homes out of adobe?
- A. the Northeast
- **B.** the Pacific Northwest
- C. the deserts of the Southwest
- **D.** the Southeast

14. Look at the painting. Then answer the question that follows.



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Based on the painting, in which region did these American Indians MOST LIKELY live?	?
A. the Arctic	
B. the Northwest	
C. the Plains	
D. the Southwest	
15. In three to five sentences, describe how pueblos were built and maintained.	



You have reached the end of this section.